## RED CROSS WORK GROWING.

EAST WEEK THE BUSIEST OF ANY

The Return of the Regiments Car Heavy Demands for Supplies. The New Long Island City Bellet Station Supplies Sent Out-Work of the Auxiliaries. The heavy demands upon the Red Cross Soelety and its auxiliaries for supplies for the camps and hospitals continue to increase, and each week has been busier than the one be-Many of the auxiliaries have begun to inquire if the need for their work still exists

general impression, has resulted in increasing the demands for Red Cross supplies, owing to the exhausted condition of the men. The stories of distress among the troops at Camp of the Red Cross, and supplies simply poured into the camp all the week. At a meeting of the Supply Committee on Wednesday it was deeided, in consequence of the reports that the regulars were not receiving a proper share of attention, to expend \$3,000 on food supplies exclusively for the infantry, cavalry, and artillery branches of the service. These were all sent down on Thursday, and consisted of soups, vegetables, and fruits. As a result of the Theavy shipments of supplies to the camp during the week, the Red Cross agent at Montank reported yesterday that everywhere there were signs of a general improvement in the

The Red Cross Society further enlarged the scope of its work during the week by estab-lishing a relief station in Long Island City, where soldiers coming up on the trains from Camp Wikoff in an exhausted condition could be cared for and sheltered for the night. Red Cross nurses have been sent there to care for the soldiers and a diet kitchen has been established. The number of men who have availed themselves of the relief station has steadily increased since Tuesday night, when the place was opened, and on Friday night more m 300 exhausted soldiers received shelter and comfort in the way of delicacies and supplies. The establishment of such a relief station was quite a departure for the Red Cross as heretofore its attention has been given only to the camps and hospitals. The number of soldiers wandering about the streets without shelter and in a sickly condition rendered the establishment of such a place a pecessity. One consequence has been an increased need of

Thirty-four auxiliaries sent in supplies during the week, but the supplies sent out far ex-seeded those received. A lot of special supplies had in consequence to be purchased.

Auxiliary 5, the Metcalf-Bliss Cot Equip-

ment Auxiliary, responded to the call for contributions of money with which to purchase supplies and contributed \$2,000 to the general fund. In addition to this, the auxiliary has sent out 1,483 completely equipped cots, of which 623 were sent to Camp Wikoff.

Auxiliary 17 of Pittsburg, which is the largest yet organized, sent in a large quantity of supplies last week. The auxiliary set apart a Red Cross day in Pittsburg and raised more than \$5,000. This will be used in purchasing supplies for the soldiers.

The Nurses' Maintenance Auxiliary sent

The Nurses' Maintenance Auxiliary sent more than twenty nurses to Montauk Point during the week and the number of nurses maintained by the auxiliary at the camp now exceeds one hundred.

The work of the Supply Department of the Red Cross Society since it was organized is best shown by the number of requisitions filled. Up to preserve these numbered 105. Thirty-six were filled last week, a larger number than was received in any preceding week, although in some cases the quantity of supplies asked for was not very large.

No new auxiliaries were announced as haying been formed at the weekly meeting of the committee on Wednesday, but nearly all the ninety-two atxiliaries aready organized have been heard from. That the services of all will be needed for some time to come is shown by the announcement of the committee in charge of the work, that the heavy demands for supplies now existing are expected to continue for at least three weeks, and some of the work will continue all winter, as it is proposed to supply the armies of occupation in Cuba and Porto theo with everything needed in the way of comforts.

The following supplies were sent out during

comforts.

The following supplies were sent out during the week, most of which were the contributions of the auxiliaries:

Groceries, cases	
Draw sheets	17
Underwear, suits	1,46
Socks, pairs	2.21
Slippe s, pairs	44
Newline ahirts	- 15
Nightshirts	2.60
Comfort begn.	37
Abdominal canda	2.4
Books, cases	-
Washcloths	20
Equipped cots.	51
Tobacco, cases.	
Blankets	100
	- 44
Bbces	100
Pillows	- 25
Canes.	- 8
Ped Cross nurses' caps	- 5
Benesards	- 23
Bath robes	1,4
Rubber sheets	
Bubber cushions.	- 2
Water bagn	- 03
The following is a list of the supplies	-
tributed during the week by the auxiliarie	
flipsifed dating the week by the saxmen	180;
Pujamas, suits	
Towels,	2,80
Handkerchiefs	5.45

Pujamas, suits	
Towels	a,
Handkerchiefs	4
Sheets	.1
Pillow cases	
Groceries, cases	1
Draw sheets	E,
Underwear, suita	O.
Books pairs	
Slippers, pairs	-
Kêgligê shirts	5
Wightahirts.	14
Comfort bags.	3
Abiquinal bands	3
Books, cases	8
Washcloths	6
Tobacco, cases	
Red Cross nurses' caps	13
Brassards	13
Bath robes	25
Rubber cushions.	1
Kapkins	2
Both towels	E.
	1

Among the requisitions received during the week which these supplies went to fill were the following: following:
For Camp Wikoff, 25 dozen suits of under-waar, 230 slippers, 50 dozen bath towels, cases of sheets and cases of pipes, tobacco and gro-

eries.
For St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn, 50 pairs of shoes, 100 handkerchiefs, 50 suits of pajamas, 50 suits of underwear, 50 sheets, 50 towels, 50 pillow cases and 50 pairs of socks.
For the Long Island College Hospital, 50 suits of pajamas, 50 suits of underwear, 50 sheets, 50 towels, 50 pillow cases and 50 pairs of

goeks.
For the Red Cross rooms at Long Island City,
25 squipped cots, I dozen suits of underwear,
20 dozen cheesecloth squares, 15 tents, 20
dozen towels, 20 dozen handkerehiefs, 100
suits of underwear and 20 dozen socks.
For the Eighth Regiment Armory, 25 cots,
25 blankets, 2 dozen pajamas, 2 dozen sheets
and 2 dozen pillow cases.
For Camp Black, 50 shirts, 50 sheets, 50
pillow cases, 50 slightshirts, 24 dozen cheesesloth squares.

pillow cases, 50 nightshirts, 24 dozen cheeseeloth squares.
For Chickamauga Park, 200 sheets, 100 pillow cases. 100 najamas.
For Camp Wikoff, 300 pillows, 500 pajamas,
500 pajamas, 130 pajamas, 130
guits of underwear, 50 slippers, 290 pairs of
socks, 150 nightshirts.
Two requisitions were filled for Cuba and
the of the companion of the comp

morks, 150 nightshirts.

Two requisitions were filled for Cuba and Porto Rico. The Red Cross supplies taken by the Seneca to Porto Rico included 50 equipped cots. it eases of dry goods, 50 cases of soups and 525 cases of slippers, 200 cases of soups and 525 cases of groceries. On the San Antonio, which is about to start for Cuba, the Red Cross sends T cases of dry goods, 6 cases of books and 4 cases of groceries.

The following auxiliaries contributed supplies during the past week; lies during the past week; Auxiliary 2, Women's Conference Society of Ethical Culture, Mrs. Henry Otleahetmer, President.

Auxiliary 3, Nurses' Maintenance Auxiliary, rs. James Speyer, President. Auxiliary 4, Yonkers, N. Y., Mrs. Oscar Bog-

ara, President.
Auxiliary 7, New York City Chapter, D. A.
B. Mrs. Donald McLean, President.
Auxiliary B. Hartford Auxiliary, Mrs. F.

Ausiliary D. Hartford Auxiliary, Mrs. F. W. Cheney, President.
Auxiliary 14. Morristown, N. J., Miss Louisa E. Rensley, President.
Auxiliary 15. Green Twigs Auxiliary of Biusbing, Miss Helen W. Jogate, President.
Auxiliary 17. First Pennsylvania Auxiliary of Pittsburg, John B. Jackson, President.
Auxiliary 20. northern Westchester county, Mrs. Henry Marquand, President.
Auxiliary 22. Land and Seu Auxiliary, Mrs. Frank Hunter, President.
Auxiliary 23. Staten Island Auxiliary, Mrs. George Beers, President.
Auxiliary 24. Sewickley, Pa., the Rev. B. A. Benton, President.
Auxiliary 26. Mount Vernois, N. Y., Mrs. Wilson, Provident. N. Y., Mrs.

Auxiliary N7, Electroret, N. J., Mrs. A. C. MISS BARTON IS AT TAMPA. Auxiliary 39, Dublin, N. H., Mrs. Lowis B. Auxiliary 44 No. Auxiliary 44, North Shore, L. L. Mrz. J. E. Leech, President, Auxiliary 4, Glen Cove, L. L. Mrz. W. Zabriskie, President.

briskie, President.

Auxifiary 49, Far Rockaway, L. L. Mrs. Alex. Stevens, President.

Auxifiary 49, First Rhode Island Auxiliary, Mrs. Charles Mason, President.

Auxiliary 50, Tobacco Auxiliary, Mrs. S. Van Rensselaer, President.

Auxiliary 54, Pottstown, Pa., Mrs. E. S. Cook, President.

Auxiliary 54, Bott Schley Auxiliary, Mrs. Rensselaer, President. k, President.

uxiliary 5t, Beott Schley Auxiliary, Mrs.

uxiliary 5t, Lenox, Mass., Mrs. John E.

zandre, President.

uxiliary 58, Caldwell, N. J., Mrs. F. H. Irv-

uniliary til. Hokendaugn. Pa., Miss Bessie Auxiliary 61. Hokendaugn. Pa., Miss Bessie
H. Thomas, President.
Auxiliary 62. Bridgeport, Conn., Mrs. Charles
B. Read. President.
Auxiliary 64. Staatsburg. N. Y., Miss Madeline Dinsmore, President.
Auxiliary 65. Otsego county, N. Y., Mrs. H.
W. Wardwell, President.
Auxiliary 67. Opster Bay, L. I., Mrs. T. S.
Young, President.
Auxiliary 73. South Orange, N. J., Mrs. F.
Auxiliary 73. South Orange, N. J., Mrs. F.
Arnold, President.
Auxiliary 80. New Brunswick, N. J., Mrs.
Nieholas G. Rutgers, President.
Auxiliary 82. Sons and Daughters of the Bed
Cross of Maine. Mrs. Chester A. Hayes, President.

Auxiliary 80, Girls' Towel Auxiliary, Miss

Auxiliary 83, Girls Towel Auxiliary, Miss Alice Draper, Fresident.
Auxiliary 91, Doodbury, N. Y., Mrs. W. H. Brown, President.
The contributions received by Frederick D. Tappen, Treasurer of the American National Red Cross Belief Committee, now amount to \$158,682.45. Among the contributions acknowledged yesterday were the following:
Pirst Pennsylvania Red Cross Auxiliary of Pittaburg, Pa. \$2,000 00
Out Equipment Auxiliary No. 5. 5.00 00

Fittaburg, Pa.
Cot Equipment Auxiliary No. 5.
Mrs. J. S. Lyle
S. H. Kissam.
M. Lindsay, account of proceeds of en'ertainment at Hotel Columbia, Belmar, N. J.
Miss Bertha 6. Brooks.
B. B.
Bed Cross Auxiliary No. 26, Sewickley, Pa. t Auxiliary No. 5 .... Red Cross Auxiliary No. 26, Sewickley, Pa. Red Cross Auxiliary No. 24, Princeton, N. J.

COMMISSIONED FOR THE WAR. Officers Who Did Service on the American

Liners Are Honorably Discharged. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.-The following officers to whom commissions were given for the war have been honorably discharged from the naval

Lieuts J T Rodgers and W R Porter Ensigns J. H. McDowell and M. Walcott, Assistant Surgeon A. F. Fraf, Passed Assistant Paymaster W. G. Barritt, Chief Engineer J. Philip, Passed Assistant Engineer G. McCall, Assistant Engineers C. Campbell and N. T. Milton, Warrant Machinists George Cotsell. J. Alderoft, H. D. Haverfield, A. F. Thomson and E. R. Kilgore, all of the St. Louis, Commissions L. V. D. Haverfield, A. F. Thomson and E. R. Kilgore, all of the St. Louis.

Commander F. M. Passon, Lieuts. N. J. Boberts, J. Bradshaw, N. S. P. Keyes and W. L. Grant, Ensigns T. J. Turner and R. Cumming, Assistant Paymanter H. E. Hinaley, Chief Engineer J. Cowan, Passed Assistant Engineer W. Peterson, Assistant Engineer George Cartwell, Warrant Machinists C. Hofstrand, J. W. Beynon, D. Findlay, H. Black and G. Dale, all from the Harvard.

Commander W. G. Randle, Lieuts. G. E. Beckwith, G. O. Luce, and H. B. Campbell, Ensign W. A. F. Smith, Passed Assistant Surgeon R. L. Parker, Passed Assistant Paymaster F. Kinsey, Chief Engineer J. Wall, Passed Assistant Engineer W. Joyce, Assistant Engineers J. Carstairs, M. McCuin, V. F. Preston, J. Campbell, A. Jeffrey, S. Round, J. Long, and J. W. Miles, all of the Yale.

Lieuts. George Young, J. A. Pittson, H. Dixon, and R. Osborn, Chief Engineer J. Hunter, Passed Assistant Engineer J. Hunter, Passed Assistant Engineer C. Robinson, Assist.

all of the Yale.

Lieuts. George Young, J. A. Pittson, H. Dixon, and R. Osborn, Chief Engineer J. Hunter, Passed Assistant Engineer C. Robinson, Assistant Engineers J. Anderson, C. F. Thomson, and O. Anderson, Carpenter A. Gallotly, all of the St. Paul.

ON THE TRANSPORT MINNEWASKA. Soldiers Suffered for Lack of Food-One

Paid 23 Cents Each for Sandwiches. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The homecoming of the First Regiment, District of Columbia Volunteers, now in Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, overshadows everything else in the interest of the people of Washington. Elaborate arrangements are making for their reception, including a review before the President at the White House and the presentation of medals to the entire command.

Sergt. George E. Lewis came home last night n care of his father, Capt. George C. Lewis, Secretary of the Red Cross, and a veteran of the rebellion, who brought his boy from Camp Wikoff. Sergt. Lewis says the transport Minne Wikoff. Sergt. Lewis says the transport Minne-waska, on which he came over, was in good condition, but the troops suffered for lack of food and arrived here hungry and exhausted. On the voyage they were confined to a limited diet of hardtack and canned beef. During the trip Sergt. Lewis. Impelled by the pangs of hunger, sold his razor and strop, and with the proceeds purchased three sandwiches from the officers' waiters, for which he paid 25 cents each. The steward of the Minnewaska was arrested and placed in irons while at sea for seiling to the hungry District volunteers sup-plies he had no right to sell.

## VESSEL ADDED TO THE NAVY.

Guantanamo Bay, Has Been Baised. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.-Another vessel was added to the American navy to-day. She was the Spanish gunboat Sandoval, which has been lying in the mud of Guantanamo Bay for more than a month. The Sandoval was at Guantanamo when Santiago was surrendered by Gen. Toral, and in notifying the Spanish commander at Guantanamo of Toral's defeat Admander at Guantanamo of Toral's defeat Admiral Sampson sent word that the Sandoval must not be injured in any way. Despite the warning, however, the Spaniards, contrary to the rules of war, seuttled the gunboat at her anchorage off Guantanamo. Since the town has been in the possession of the Americans the work of attempting to raise the sunken craft has been going on under the direction of Capt. McCalla of the Marbiehead, and to-day a report was received at the Navy Department from Commodore Watson that the project had been successful and the Sandoval was now affoat in command of Lieut. Anderson of the Marbiehead. Commodore Watson notified the department that the Marbiehead would start for Boston immediately.

ARMY ORDERS.

Resignations of Volunteer Officers Accepted -Private Banks's Sentence. WARRINGTON, Sept 3 -The President has so

cepted the resignations of the following volinteer officers: Major Henry H. Lee, Brigade Surgeon, First

Vermont Infantry: Capt. Charles B. Staats, First New York Volunteer Infantry: Capt. T. Bookhart, First North Carolina Infantry; Capt. Hugh J. Barren, Sixty-ninth New York Infantry: Second Lieut. Howard M. Morris, Seventh Regiment, United States Infantry.

Col. Jared A. Smith. Corps of Engineers, is detailed as a member of the board to examine the locality of a proposed bridge across the Niagara Biver. &c., vice Major Thomas W.

Byoms.

Private Abraham Banks, Company G, Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry, having been found guilty of drunkenness and disorderly conduct and assault at Fort Thomas, Ky, was sentenced "to be dishonorably discharged from the service of the United States and to be confined at hard labor at such place as the reviewing authority may direct for six months." The sentence will be executed at Fort Monroe, Va.

TO DO GARRISON DUTY IN CUBA.

The War Department Forming a Division of Volunteers at Camp Meade.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The War Department is at work on a plan for forming one complete division of volunteer troops to be used in conignetion with Gen. Lee's Seventh Army Corps for assignment to garrison duty in Cuba in the fall. A list of regiments which will compose this division has been partially made up in the Adjutant-General's office, but the department refuses to publish it for two or three days. It is known that the 201st New York and the Third Connecticut will be assigned to the division, and these regiments have been ordered from Hempstead, L. I., and Niantie, Coun., respectively, to Middletown, Pn., where they will join the command at Camp Meade.

Movements of Naval Vessels. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 .- These movements of

naval vessels are reported: Arrived-At League Island, Sept. 1, Ajax and Man-

hattan: Sept. 2, Nahvut; Tompkinsville, Sept. 2, Yosemite; Boston, Sept. 2, Massachusetts, Machiae, Detroit, Castine, Wilmington, Helena, Marietta, Ban-croft, and Topeka; Fort Monroe, Sept. 2, Sterling, croft, and Topeka; Fort Monroe, Sept. 2. Sterling, Saturn, and Tecumsel; Tompkinsville, Sept. 3. Niagars; Boston, Sept. 3. Uncas and Seminole; Brook-lya, Sept. 4. Swin.

Salled-From Tompkinsville for League Island, Sept. 2. Tosemite and Montatik; Fort Monroe for New York, Sept. 2. Taile-t; Hong Kong for Manille, Sept. 3. Olympia; Sun Françheis, Gord, S. Malesgh; Sept. 3. Olympia; Sun Françheis for Beach Bay, S. et al. Allance; Fort Monroe for Monroe for Manille, Sept. 5, Iria, distilling ship.

DEPARTURE FROM HAVANA.

Word Received from Counsel Cobb, Who Says Nothing About Obstacles in Landing Supplies-Miss Barton's Troubles at Santiago-Nurses Needed at Tampa. The Red Cross officers here were still further puzzled vesterday about Miss Clara Barton's sudden departure from Cuba by the reecipt of two despaiches from D. L. Cobb, counsel to the society, who sailed for Havana on Aug. 24 with the idea of assisting Miss Barton. in distributing supplies to the starving Co bans. Mr. Cobb said that he had arrived safely and would do everything possible to relieve the distress in Havana and the western provinces, which he reported to be great. A he said. He further said that he was conferring with the officials and would advise the Red Cross here of the result later. In Miss Barton's despatch of Thursday night she announced that it was impossible for her to land supplies, and instructed the Red Cross officials to hold all supplies here, as she had had to leave Havana. It was expected that Mr. Cobb would clear away the uncertainty regarding the obstacles that Miss Barton met with, but in neither of his despatches did he mention the fact that Miss Barton had left, or refer to any difficulties that he had found.

The society, in answer to Mr. Cobb's despatches, immediately cabled him to wait unil Miss Barton could be heard from. A message from the Red Cross agent at Tampa, which was received late yesterday afternoon. said that Miss Barton had arrived at Mullet Key, and was quarantined on the Clinton. An effort will be made to reach her as soon as possible and inform her of Mr. Cobb's arrival at Havana and of the opening of the hospital

terday that 100 new patients had been added to the hospital there, and that nurses had been asked for by the surgeons. The Red Cross nurses who left Tampa some time ago are now

nurses who left Tampa some time ago are now at Huntsville. Ala. Nurses will be sent at once from here to Tampa, and the agent was instructed to buy all supplies needed.

The Red Cross of New Orieans has sent \$250 to this city to be used in buying supplies for Miss Barton. In a letter received yesterday from Miss Barton, and written before she left Santiago, she said:

"The arrival of the Breakwater to-day brought me a package of five or six letters from you, delivered by Mr. Van Schelle, Package No. 3 contains a copy of despatch of Secretary Long regarding Gobera, and the proposition for the Morse and Triton, informing me that we can have the two as long as we want them. The Triton we have never had—the Government having seized her from the first—and the modest suggestion from one of my 

nearly intact. She was placed alongside the Port Victor, and the cargo offered to the distribution of Gen. Shafter, if he desired it. This was a fortunate suggestion, as later facts proved that it was partially designed as a gift to Gen. Shafter. He could not unload it: there was not an ice house in Santiago; he had nowhere to put it and said he could do nothing with it. The transports were just coming in for the conveyance of the sick and wounded north. The Captains, learning that there was ice, immediately called for if on behalf of their soldiers, and every one that has gone out has taken all that he could store. Perhaps nothing that has ever been sent here has been productive of so much good, so much comfort, so many thanks and so many blessings.

"Our goods sent by the Port Victor are still on board, there having been no means of discharging them. They are with and under the Government supplies, and if the vessel, should be ordered back on the discharge of her meat, the supplies, both the Government and ours, will probably go back to New York. The ambulances are in the bottom and cannot be reached.

"The six mules are still on the Michigan, there being as yet nothing free from the grip of the Government by which they can be taken

"The six mules are still on the Michigan, there being as yet nothing free from the grip of the Government by which they can be taken off. She is too far out to risk their swimming. They are doing well, are often looked after, taking no harm, and kindly treated. It is possible they cannot be reached until after the rush of troops for the North is out of the way.

the rush of troops for the North is out of the way.

"Each day brings its quota of heavy, hard, thoughtful work. We go through it patiently, determinedly, seriously. The deaths that are averted we are thankful for; those that cannot be we are sorry for. I am sorry to tell you that Mr. Bangs overworked himself at Caney, dropped into a slow fever from which it has not been possible, from a complication of diseases, to raily him, and he is probably dying to-night. He is in the little hospital which I have made for Miss Wheeler and her assistant it inses-the finest and best arranged institution of the kind in the city. We which I have made for Miss Wheeler and her assistant i urses—the finest and best arranged institution of the kind in the city. We are all very sorry, and I have seen no more deep manifestation of regret than from Gen. Shafter himself, when I told him to-day that we were losing Mr. Bangs. He knew how faithfully he had worked among his people at Caney, and the tears in his eyes told how deeply he regretted the result.

Caney, and the tears in his eyes told how deeply he regretted the result.

"The long letters that I have written you in regard to the action of the President and department relating to the reconcentrados have been simply the stern advice that only myself could see and give, and I felt it my duty to say it. Having given it, the results are one and the same to me. It is a duty done to have said it, and to have said it carnestly, but, having done that, the course that will be turnied by a perfectly immaterial to me. I shall do faithfully and as well as I know how all that comes to me to do, until I can be properly released from these duties, and I will work as I always have done, for the credit of my country, its history, its people, its Government; but so far as any personal interest is concerned in any of it, there is nothing left."

EXPECT TROOP C HOME ON THURSDAY. Citizens' Committee of Brooklyn Making

Arrangements for the Reception. Postmaster Wilson, Chairman of the committee in charge of the reception to be ten-dered to Troop C on its return to Brooklyn, said yesterday that the troop had sailed from Porto Rico on the transport Mississippi on Friday and would probably arrive next Thursday. Treasurer Fairchild said yesterday that he had received \$1.844, and he asks that the citizens of Brooklyn subscribe to the general fund in order that the work of the committee may not be handleapped. The reception will be held at the North Portland avenue armory on the day the troop arrives from Porto Rico.

The members of Troop C, Auxiliary, of which Mrs. Bertram Clayton, the wife of Capt. Clayton, is President, have mapped out the part they will take in the celebration. These committees were appointed: Arrangements—Mrs. Bertram Clayton, Mrs. Handell, Mrs. Hodgskin, Mrs. James McLeer, Mrs. Wesley Brush, Mrs. James McLeer, Mrs. Wesley Brush, Mrs. James Kitchen, Mrs. L. W. Smith, and Mrs. J. Elliott Langstaff. Reception Committee—Mrs. Bertram Clayton, Mrs. J. J. Wilson, Mrs. Fiske, Mrs. Henry Claus, Mrs. Frederick W. Wurster, Mrs. Chester L. Richards, Mrs. Charles De Sigethy, Mrs. Latham Fish, Mrs. Norton, Flowers Committee—Mrs. Chester L. Richards, Miss Comiskey, Miss Wilson, Miss Hodgskin, Miss Norton, Miss Wurster, Mrs. W. M. Friend, Mrs. Warden, Mrs. C. B. Kitchen, Mrs. F. B. Backus, Miss Amy Loster, Miss Sehleren, Miss Edna Beam.

The Twenty-third Regiment, through Major be handleapped. The reception will be held at

Beam.
The Twenty-third Regiment, through Major David K. Case, has volunteered to act as an escort to the returning troops, and the offer has been accepted. The committee would like to have a general celebration if the Forty-seventh and Fourteenth regiments, the Thirteenth have a general celebration if the Forty-seventh and Fourteenth regiments, the Thirteenth Regiment Battalion, now attached to the Twenty-second Regiment, the Second Battalion Navai Reserves and Troop C arrive in Brooklyn about the same time. Gen. McLeer has been appointed grand marshal, so that no time will be lost in prenaring for the parade if all these troops do arrive in time.

All Quiet on the New Hampshire.

The naval reserves' ship New Hampshire was almost deserted resterday, as most of the men from the Yankee and Nahant have left for their homes. Through a slight delay in Washington the discharge papers were not ready for the the discharge papers were not ready for the men on Friday, but an officer on board said that the papers would be mailed to the crew as rapidly as possible. A few bluejackets dropped in during the day to get their belongings, and out on First avenue an occasional jackie could be seen surrounded by an admiring crowd, while he told of his adventures in Cuban waters. It is thought that all the discharge papers will be received from Washington by next Wednesday.

Rains Delay Troop Transportation.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 3.-The heaviest ain in years occurred last night and this mornng and destroyed several thousand dollars worth of crops and property in east Tennessee worth of crops and property in east reinted to the railroads near hore have been abandoned. The First Pennsylvania and Fifteenth Indiana regiments, ordered home, will not get a vay for nearly a week. Their pine in Camp Poland will be filled by the Third Eentucky, from Lexington, ky, and the Third North Carolina, from Fort Macon. AT CAMP MEADE.

ers Auxloon to Hurry Away the Troop

That Are to Be Mustered Out. Hannissumo, Pa., Sept. 3.— There is no pleasure drilling a lot of men who act like prisoners," said an officer of the Third Missouri this evening. He was discussing the demoralizing effect of having at Camp Meade regiments which are under orders to be mus ered out, and remarked that the sooner the commands are sent away the better it will be for those that remain. He voiced the sentiments of all the officers at this camp. Gen. Graham is the one who suffers most from the

mustering out process and he will be glad when it is all over. There was great rejoicing in the camp of the Third New York to-night when the news came from Washington that the regiment is to go to Troy to be mustered out. The Third boys have been restless for some time and they were anxious to go home. No time will be lost at Camp Meade in getting all the regiments which are to retire from the service on the ears for home.

It appears from Washington advices that all the gaps at Camp Meade will be more than filled by the assignment to Gen. Graham's corps of regiments which have been at the State camps since the second call. The Fifteenth Minnesota, Fourth New Jersey, Fifth Massachusetts, 201st New York and others will be on the way to Camp Meade within the pext few days, so that Col. Howard, the chief quartermaster of the corps, will have his hands full for some time to come. The Pennsylvania military authorities at the camp to-day

military authorifies at the camp to-day arranging for transporting home the detachments of the Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Michigan, the Ninth Massachusetts, the Seventh Illinois, 138th Indians, Trenty-second Ransas, and other regiments which are to be mustered out. The Sixth Pennsylvania will start for home within the next forty-eight hours. To-day Col. Elliott and the other officers were engaged packing their personal property for shipment, and the men sent all their heavy goods home. They will travel in light marching order.

The Government property has been shipped to Frankfort Arsenal, and the tents of the Sixth look bare to-night. In response to a telegram from Gen. Graham to-day asking Gov. Hastings whether he desired to have the Sixth mustered out at Mount Gretna, the Governor replied that he desired the regiment and to its company rendezvous, to have a thirty-day furlough, and after that to be honorably discharged from the service.

There is every indication now that Camp Meade will continue for several months. A Post Office building has been erected near the centre of the camp.

The case of Private Kerr of the 139th Indiana

Fost Office building has been erected near the centre of the camp.

The case of Private Kerr of the 130th Indiana occupied five hours before the general court today. He was accused of insubordination, and his Captain preferred charges. Kerr is a tutor at the University of Indiana and couldn't stand the Captain's alleged efforts to humiliste him. The Ending of the court has not been made known, but it will be a nominal sentence. At least one member of the court hought the Captain was as much to blame as the private.

Today the attention of District Attorney

To-day the attention of District Attorney
Detweller was called to the conduct of the Burgess of Middletown, who is charged by a Justice of the Peace with practically turning the town over to martial rule. He gives the reins of government into the hands of the Provost Marshal after 10 o'clock, and cfvilians are made subject to the whims of the soldiers on guard. The District Attorney has notified the Burgess that he is wrong.

The District Attorney has notified the Burgess that he is wrong.

This afternoon the Fourteenth Pennsylvania got into camp and are glad to be here. The Fifteenth Pennsylvania will come next week, as will also the First Maryland from Fort Monroe. The heat to-day was intense, but there were few cases of heat prostration, and there are comparatively few cases in the division hospital. Major Jackson, who has charge of the Second Division hospital, is himself a patient at the Harrisburg hospital. Drills and parade were suspended, and the men exerted themselves as little as possible.

Gov. Hastings has appointed ex-Senator Samuel Steel of Allegheny a Commissioner to take the votes of the Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment at Manila. He has not yet appointed the other Commissioners and will not until the mustering out has been concluded.

WILL LET NO SOLDIERS SUFFER. Splendid Work by the Representatives of the Soldiers' Comfort Committee.

Col. Kimball gave permission vesterday to Col. Mildenburg. Secretary of the Soldiers' Comfort Committee, to use one of the rooms on he ground floor of the Army Building as a dinng room for the soldiers who come to the Army Building fortransportation passes. This room has been fitted up by the committee, and will be in operation to-day. The work of the committee at Long Island City was kept up vesterday, and was particularly arduous last light. The women of the Red Cross now have places there for 400 men, and they were all

At the Pennsylvania Railroad station in Jan sey City, the Southern express, arriving at 6:08 'clock yesterday morning, brought some convalescents of the Sixty-ninth New York Volunteers from the general hospital at Huntsville. In the party were Sergt, John Sheeran Company G. Corporals Samuel Merritt and William Byrnes of Company E. Corporal E. F. Drohan of Company I. and Privates Martin W. Craven of Company G. John Dennon of Company H. and William J. Glennon of Company H. William Hagan of Boston. a member of the Seventeenth Signal Corps, was also of the party. Most of the men were in good condition, but several of them were glad to avail themselves of the aid offered by the Soldiers' Comfort Committee. The men spoke well of the camp at Huntsville, but they were bitter in their denunciation of the treatment the regiment received at Fernandina. Private Craven described it as a frightful place. The change in appearance of the Sixty-ninth, he said, was astonishing, the majority of the men being wofully thin. They are being sent home as fast as they are able to leave the hospital. Drohan of Company I. and Privates Martin W

nome as last as they are note to leave the hos-pital.

The Rev. C. F. Coykendale, who is in charge of the committee workers at the railway sta-tion, took the exhausted men to the room the railroad people have set apart for him, and there the men had a substantial breakfast and the weaker ones enjoyed a nap on the cots. Mr. Coykendale has secured the services of a physician, who is now in constant attendance

physician, who is now in constant attendance at the station.

Mr. Wiley, director of the Hahnemann Hospital, has invited the committee to bring any number of sick soldiers it may wish to the hospital, and he has promised to pay particular attention to them. The committee is now looking for a suitable building at some point below Canal street for use as a dornitory. It is the intention to use this for all the soldiers found exhausted in the howntown streets, and also for the overflow that Long Island Railroad terminal.

CUBA AND PORTO RICO TARIFF.

Duty-Paid Imports May Be Shipped from One Port to Another Without Be-entry. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn to-day issued Tariff Circular No. 2, relating to the reshipment of duty-paid imports between the ports of Cuba and Ports lico which are in possession of the United States authorities: WAR DEPARTMENT WARRINGTON, Sept. 3, 1868.

Where duty has been paid upon merchan lise entered at any port in Cuba or Porto Rico

dise entered at any port in Cuba or Porto Rico in the possession and under the control of the military forces of the United States, and the importer desires to transport said merchandise, or any part thereof, to any other port or place in Cuba or will be on the possession and under the control of the military forces of the United States, such merchandise shall be admitted to such port or place without further entry, upon dentification of the merchandise and presentation of a certificate of the proper officer of the United States showing the payment of the duties thereon at the port of original entry.

"Acting Secretary of War."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.-The Secretary of the Treasury has recommended to the military au-thorities the modification of the tariff regulations for the Philippine Islands so that goods brought into Manila from other ports of the brought into manna from other ports of the islands not in possession of the United States and intended for export may be exempt from payment of duty. The regulations put in force by tien. Merritt provide that goods brought into Manila from ports not in possession of the United States shall pay the same rates of duty as though from a foreign country. It was rep-resented, that Manila being the principal port of the Philippine Islands from which goods are exported to other countries, the high rates of duties imposed would be a discrimination against Manila, as the goods would be sent direct from other ports.

Arrival of Transports. transports City of Washington, Mexico

and Berlin arrived yesterday from Montauk Po.... The City of Washington brought as nassengers Col. U. L. Humphreys, Chief Quar-termaster, U.S. A., and Capt. Mckay of the transportation department.

Disagreement Between the State and War

NOT ALLOWED TO LAND IN HAVANA WITHOUT PAYMENT OF DUTY.

Departments Over the Method to Be Followed in Securing the Landing and Distribution of the 1,000,000 Rations. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 .- The State Departsent has in a measure locked horns with the War Department over the question of the method to be followed in securing the landing and distribution of the supplies taken to Havana by the steamship Comal for the relief of the distressed people of Cuba. The Comal has a million rations on board in charge of Commissary Niskern of the army. Permission to land these supplies without payment of duty was refused by the Spanish authorities at Havana several days ago, and since then the War departments have State and trying to straighten matters out. A telegram was received at the War Departneat this morning from Commissary Niskern saying that Senor Montoro, the Colonial secretary of the Treasury, had agreed to admit the relief supplies on certain conditions. These conditions are that the United States pay the duty and make the distribution through United States agents or the Colonial Government will make an appropriation covering the duty and the Colonial Government will itself distribute the rations. This despatch was referred to the State Department for an opinion, and Acting Secretary Moore this afternoon sent to the War Department a memorandum saying that the best pian was to allow the Colonial Government to pay the duty and have the supplies distrib-uted jointly by United States and Spanish offi-cials.

cials.

While the officials of the War Department have not reached any conclusion as to the course to be pursued, they have already definitely decided not to follow Acting Secretary Moore's advice. As the supplies are in charge of the War Department and must be distributed as it shall decide, final disposition of the matter lies with the military administration. From the present temper of the military authorities, who are displeased with the action of the Colonial Government in putting obstacles in the way of a prompt distribution will be made wholly under the charge of American agents or not at all. It is contended at the War Department that under the law providing for the relief of the distressed people of Cuba no authority is given for cooperation with the Spanish officials in distributing the supplies, and certainly not for permitting the Supplies, and certainly not for permitting the which was purely a military measure, enacted nearly a month after war had been declared, that the Comal was sent to Havana. The law is entitled "An act to provide assistance to the inhabitants of Cuba, and arms, munitions and military stores to the people of the island of Cuba." Its text follows:

"Be it enacted, &c., that while serving in Cuba during the existing war, officers of the army of the United States exercising separate While the officials of the War Department

stores to the people of the island of Cuba." Its text follows:

"Be it enacted, &c., that while serving in Cuba during the existing war, officers of the army of the United States exercising separate commands may, by special order, cause subsistence, medical and quartermaster's supplies to be issued to and other aid rendered to inhabitants of the island of Cuba who are destitute and in imminent danger of perishing unless they receive the same.

"Secrion 2. That the President and general officers commanding troops in Cuba are hereby authorized to furnish to the Cuban people such arms, ammunition, equipments, and military stores and supplies as they may require in order to increase their effective fighting force in the existing war against Spain."

Such a special order was issued in the case of the Comal, and the War Department is convinced of its inability to legally make the distribution other than through its own officers, even if it were disposed to do otherwise. A formal decision in the case will probably be rendered on Monday.

SECOND NEW JERSEY COMING ROME. The Regiment Will Probably Leave Florida Late This Week.

JACKSONVILLE, Fig., Sept. 3.-News was re seived here to-day that the Third Georgia and the Third Alabama had been ordered here to replace some of the regiments ordered home to be mustered out. Orders came also for the Second New Jersey, now at Pablo, to be sent home. They will leave here probably late next

home. They will leave here probably late next week, as transportation cannot well be secured for them before that time.

The death list to-day was: Frank Shipman, Company E. First Wisconsin: William Lemtke, Company C. Second Illinois: Herman Strobel, Company I. Second Illinois: Gran W. Sheldon, Company B. Second Virginia.

Good news for the soldiers is contained in a letter of instruction issued by Col. Maus, Chief Surgeon to the hospital, with regard to carrying out a recent order of the War Department, which provides that the convalescent sick shall be sent to their homes on thirty days' furloughs, transportation to be provided by the Government. The result of this order is that the surgeons of the different regiments are being kept busy examining men that have been sick and that need a change. In the First Wisconsin liegiment, it was said that probably 150 to 175 men would be recommended for furloughs under this order. The order will probably mean the sending of at least 500 soldiers to their homes.

MUST PAY THE CORPORATION TAX. ecision Against an Oil Concern in Pen-

sylvania Which Pleaded Exemption. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.-A large corporation in western Pennsylvania which manufactures lubricating oils, paraffine and vaseline from erude petroleum, has pleaded exemption from the provision of the War Revenue act placing a tax of one-quarter of 1 per cent on the gross receipts in excess of \$250,000 a year of "every person, firm, corporation or company carrying on the business of refining petroleum," basing

on the business of refining petroleum," basing the plea on the ground that it did not produce refined petroleum. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue holds that such concerns are subject to the tax, it not being material what its product is, or what it is called, or what method of refining be employed, provided petroleum be refined.

"The fact that one concern extracts by distillation the more voiatile constituents from petroleum," savs the Commissioner, "and that another refines crude petroleum in connection with a certain per centum of the product of the first concern and produces lubricating oils, vaseline, &c., does not seem to place such second concern in a different class from the first. They both appear to refine petreleum, and therefore are both, in the view of this office, from the light which it now has, held to be subject to the excise tax imposed." ect to the excise tax imposed.

MEDICINAL CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS Commissioner Scott's Classification to Be

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.-Representatives of prominent manufacturing chemists and drug importers of New York endeavored to-day to convince the Commissioner of Internal Reve-nue that his classification of antipyrine, sulphonue that his classification of antipyrine, sulphonal, phenacetine, trional, ichthyol, idoformogen, quinoptol, tannaibin and thermodin as
medicinal chemical compound preparations
was erroneous. They contended that they were
uncompounded preparations and as such not
subject to tax. The Commissioner adhered to
his former decision, but he agreed to modify
his recent order by directing revenue agents to
seize such drugs found unstamped in order
that a test case may be brought before the
courts for a judicial decision. The agents will,
therefore, next week seize some of these drugs
from the stock of one of the wholesale houses
in New York, and the case will be taken into
court at once. All Steamship Passenger Tickets Must Now

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The Commissioner of

Internal Revenue has revoked a former ruling hat steamship passage tickets issued in Canada and used on vessels salling from ports of the United States need not pay the tax of \$1, \$3 or \$5, according to cost. It was found that this was being used as a means of evading the tax by travellers who did not come from Can-ada. Revenue agents at the various ports have been instructed to allow no passengers for for-eign countries to embark unless their tickets bear the proper stamps. eign countries to embar bear the proper stamps.

Matteawan Welcomes a Rough Rider. MATTERWAY, Sept. 3.-Grant Wright, a slorgeant of Rooseveit's rough riders, received a royal welcome on returning to his home in

royal welcome on returning to his home in Cold Springs yesterday. He was met at the depot by a large delegation of citizens and paraded through the village to the Town Hall, where a reception was held. Speeches of welcome were delivered by prominent citizens of the place, followed by a banquet. The rough rider was presented with many handsome gifts by the residents of the village. Soldier Dies in the Newport Hospital.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 3.-Frederick Angier, one of the soldiers under treatment at the Newport Hospital, died there this morning of typhoid pneumonia. He was brought from Montank Point with fourteen others on Thurs-day, but ever since has been too delirious to give any information as to his regiment or home. He will be buried to-morrow and the faneral will be attended by the local veterans of the civil war.

CUBAN SUPPLIES HELD UP. SAMPSON EMAVES THE NEW YORK SICK MEN FROM MONTAUK Commodore Philip Raises His Fing an

> Commodore John Philip of the Texas, who has been assigned to the command of the North Atlantic squadron, arrived at the navy yard from Tompkinsville yesterday morning and hoisted his flag on the cruiser New York relieving Rear Admiral Sampson, who has en assigned to duty at Havana as a member of the Military Commission. Bear Admiral Sampson transferred his flag to the auxiliary cruiser Resolute, which is to carry the Military

Commission to Havana on Monday. The cruiser New York was floated from dry lock yesterday, and is now lying at the Cob Dock near the receiving ship Vermont.

The auxiliary cruiser Resolute took on her stores yesterday, and Bear Admiral Sampson supervised the work that was being done in getting her ready to sail to-morrow. Two sail ors who were engaged with others in raising a ors who were engaged with others in raising a steam launch from the water to the Resolute were thrown into the water, as the block that was holding the tackle broke and the launch fell into the water and was capsized. The saliors were Charles Ruff and John Malcolm. Buff was slightly cut on the head. Both the men swam to a first and got on shore without assistance.

istance. The cruiser Brooklyn is expected to arrive at

sistance.

The cruiser Brooklyn is expected to arrive at the navy yard to-morrow, and arrangements were being made yesterday to prepare drydock No. 2 for her. There are very few repuirs to be made, but it is believed that her hull is full of barnacles.

Several men who learned how easy it was to secure passes from Capt. Sumner to visit the navy yard while the big battleships and other vessels were lying there sold those passes to atrangers who arrived at the gates for \$1 each. The strangers cheerfully paid the money, believing that it was proper, but they learned of their mistake later when Capt. Sumner told them that it was not necessary to pay money to get into the yard. In the future Capt. Sumner will see that no passes are issued unless to reliable persons.

The Iowa will leave dry dock No. 3 to-day and the Oregon will be docked to-morrow.

He Goes to the Adirondacks to Recuperate

Seventy-First Man Buried Yesterday. Col. Wallace A. Downs of the Seventy-first Regiment left the Park Avenue Hotel yesterday morning for the Adirondacks. Before taking the train Col. Downs said that \$278 had been raised by members of the New York Stock Exchange for the relief fund of the regiment. The givers specified that the money was to be used sending some of the sick members of the

regiment to the country. Men are still at work at the armory sorting some 2,000 letters which were sent to the Seventy-first in Cuba and then returned hack to New York undelivered. Six members of the regiment slept in the armory on Friday night. Inquiry was made-at the armory for Privates Gardner and Hughes of Company B. Before leaving for the front the men boarded at 3 Charles street, and, as they have not returned to claim their clothing and other belongings, the owner of the house decided to lock them up. No one at the armory knew whether the men had come back with the regiment or not. Second Lieut. William Longson of Company H was buried yesterday from his home at 300 East Eighteenth street. Lieut. Longson was taken ill at Camp Wikoff and was brought to New York on Aug. 20, where he died on Friday. A detail of fourteen men from the Seventy-first, commanded by First Lieut, Lincoln W. McLeod of Company H, attended the funeral, which was held at 1 o'clock. Men are still at work at the armory sorting

KEEP THE PHILIPPINES.

Senator Lindsay Says Any Other Course Would Be Inadvisable.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 3 .- Senator Lindsay returned to his home to-day after an absence of six monthsat Washington and in the East. He said that he had arranged for no public speeches as yet in the fall campaign. In speak

want them or not, and to do otherwise than accept them in toto would seem an improper ourse. Should we accept Manila for a coaling course. Should we accept Manila for a coaling station and allow any of the islands to go to Germany, France or any other nation it would involve serious international complications for this country. The action of the Peace Commission cannot be foretold, but it seems it can be relied on that the waris at an end."

Senator Lindsay said that the Philippines will be of great commercial advantage to this country. He believes sentiment is now strongly in favor of the acquisition, but it is a dangerous move unless the whole group are acquired. Senator Lindsay spoke in glowing terms of the effect of the success of our navy on other nations.

SURGEON LINDHEIM SICK.

Stricken with Typhoid Fever Two Days After His Return from Camp Thomas.

Dr. G. W. Lindheim, Assistant Surgeon of the Eighth Regiment, who came home with the 268 sick soldiers of the regiment that arrived here from Camp Thomas on Tuesday, is serious. ly ill of typhoid fever at his home, at 945 Railroad avenue Melvose. Dr. Lindheim felt all righ when he arrived here, but on Thursday he wa, taken ill, and Dr. A. M. Lesser pronounced the case one of typhoid fever. Dr. Lindheim has steadily grown worse, and yesterday his con-dition was critical. Dr. Lindheim was formerly a Red Cross sur-

geon, and at the outbreak of the war he joine the Eighth Regiment as a surgeon with the rank of Corporal. Since then his rank has been raised to that of Captain. He is a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons and has been a practicing New York physician for some time.

LONG WALK FOR A SALT WATER BATH Fourth Battery Marches from Hempstend

Plains to Sea Cliff. SEA CLIFF. L. I., Sept. 3 .- The Fourth Bat tery, New York Volunteers, 104 strong, marched from Camp Black to Sea Cliff yesterday for a bath in the Sound. The distance is more than twelve miles, and the men made a mistake in the road, which added about four miles to their walk. Some members of the Sea Cliff Yacht Club walk. Some members of the Sea Cliff Yacht Club got wind of the visit and gathered together a stock of provisions to entertain the soldiers at lunch. The lunch was served on Commodore Sheridan's grounds, and the way in which it disappeared was proof of how much it was appreciated. Pipes, tobacco, and eigarettewer distributed after all had eaten as much as they were able. Commodore Sheridan entertained the officers at his home. The boys distributed hardtack to the girls who gathered around elamoring for souvenirs, and wrote their names on the flinty discs.

PRIVATE HOWE FELL IN GOOD HANDS. He Asked to Be Put Off the Train to Die and Was Turned Over to His Own Sister. CENTRE MORICHES, L. I., Sept. 3.-Charles F. Howe a private in Company E of the Seventyfirst Regiment, was on his way home on a railroad train. He was very ill and insisted that he be put off to die. He said that he did not want to die on the train. He was put off here with the belief that if he were humored he might improve.

Standing with others on the staine platform watting to all seldiers on the trains was Howele waiting to aid soldiers on the trains was Howe's sister. She is a guest at the Riverside Hotel here and had no idea that her brother was on his way home. Miss Howe had her brother taken to the hotel, where she and her mother ner gradually nursing him back to health. Dr. D. S. Warner is attending the soldier. He says Howe her seven here.

CAPT. CONCAS COMING HERE.

The Commander of the Maria Teresa Leaves Norfolk on His Way Home.

NORFOLE, Va., Sept. 3.-Capt. D. Victor Cor as, commanding the Spanish cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa at the time of her destruction by Sampson's squadron off Santiago, left for New Sampson's squadron off Santiago, left for New York to-night on the Old Dominion steamship Jamestown. He wilt take ship there for South-amnton on his way to Spain. Capt. Concas was accompanied by his personal attendant and several men of Norfolk. He was wounded in the right hip and arm during the naval engagement, but his wounds have healed so that he has been able for some three to walk. He was brought from Cubs to the United States hospital ship Solace at the United States hospital ship Solace at the en under treatment with forty-five other so this countrymen here for some time. His demeanor has been such as to win him many friends.

Kansas Women Object to Col. Breckinridge. TOPRKA, Kan., Sept. 3.-The Topeka women who manage the flower parade features of the fall festival here, the most important feature n the annual entertainments in Kansas, threaten to abandon their part of the affair if W. C. P. Breckinnidge of Kentucky accepts the invitation from "eorge B. Payne of this city to come to Topeka and deliver an address during the week of festivities. Mr. Payne invited Col. Breckinnings without consulting any one, and has stirred up a great row nere.

PUT IN CITY HOSPITALS.

DE SOLDIERS FROM CAMP. WINOFF

Brought Here by the Shinnecock-Rast of Them in Good Condition and Streen Well Enough to De Discharged-The Min-necock to Make Regular Tripe New. The hospital steamer Shinnecock arrived here at 6 o'clock pesterday morning with ninety-six coldiers from the hospitals at Camp Wikoff in charge of Major W. B. Borden, sur-geon, and twenty-two men of the Hospital Corps. Most of the patients were in fairly good condition, and sixteen of them had sufficiently

recovered to be allowed to go ashore on hig-

At Pier 40, East Biver, the Shinnecock took aboard a squad of policemen. The members of the Hospital Corps were themselves condition from overwork, and when the Shin. neesek steamed over to the foot of Pacific street, Brooklyn, the policemen helped them to transfer the sick to the ambulances of 5t. Peter's and the Brooklyn Hospital. The boal then returned to Pier 40, and twenty of the Hospital Corps received the first snors liberty men, Edward H. Rotte and John Williams, of the corps, stayed on board to guard the supplies. The Shinnecock will return to Montaul

Point to-morrow and thereafter make regular trips, down one day and back the next, with sick men from Camp Wikoff.

The soldiers who received furioughs are:

ARMSTRONG, JOHN D., Battery F. 2d Artillery. ATERR, SAMUEL, Seprenti, Co. M., 9th Massachusetts, Deer, John, Co. A., 21st Infantry. Etcutularino, 6ter, Trampeter, Company G, 1st Disrict of Columbia.

PERSER, FREDWRICK A., Hospital Corps, 1st Himols, Haide, William, Co. M. 9th Massachusetts. Hours, Nulliam, H., Co. A. 9th Massachusetts, Irwin, Edward P., Co. M. 9th Massachusetts. McShare, Joseph, Co. M. 9th Massachusetts. MCSHARE, JOHN F. C. M. 9th Massachusetts. MCSHARE, JOHN F. C. B., Donglid, steward, U. S. A., MTERS, JOHN, Co. F., 5th Infantry, Rudger, John, Co. F., 5th Infantry, Rudger, George A., Co. F., 1st District of Columbia.

HALLETON, CLARE, CO. F. 9th Massacht Tableton, Clare, Co. I, 8th Ohio. The soldiers sent to the hospitals were: ST. PETER'S HOSPITAL.

ST. PETER'S HOSPITAL.

BACHMAN, CHARLES A., CO. B. SH Ohlo.

BAILET, REZIK, QUARTETMASTOR SETTEMEN, Sth Ohlo.

BAILET, REZIK, QUARTETMASTOR SETTEMEN,

BECKWITH, JAMPS, CO. A. 25th Infantry,

BENDER, ELWOOD C., CO. B. 8th Ohlo.

BLOOSFIRIN, CLEMENT O., Sergt., Co. F. 8th Ohlo.

BROOSFIRIN, CLEMENT O., Sergt., Co. F. 8th Ohlo.

BROOSFIRIN, CLEMENT O., Sergt., Co. F. 8th Ohlo.

BROOSFIRIN, CO. A. B. 12th Infantry,

BROWN, FLOYID F., Co. J. 1st District of Columbia,

BURZING, WILLIAM, Troop A. 1st Vol. Cavalley,

CONNOR, JOHN, Co. A. 8th Messachusetts.

CURNITER ULYSIAS S. CO. 6. 20 Infantry. Fighter, Alouno, Serresuit, Co. H., 8th Infantry, Ford, Joseph W., Serresuit, Co. A. 72d Massachusetta. Forder, Franke, Co. G., 18th Massachusetta. Forder, Franke, Co. G., 18th Massachusetta. Forder, Franke, Co. G., 18th Massachusetta. Forder, Forder, Forder, Co. A. 72d Massachusetta. Forder, Co. E. 18th Massachusetta. Forder, Co. E. 18th Massachusetta. Heroenose, Andrew, Co. E., 18th Massachusetta. Heroenose, Andrew, Co. E., 20th Infantry. Howard, Leanner, Co. E., 20th Infantry. Jourson, Israwler, Co. E., 20th Infantry. Jourson, Israwler, Co. E., 20th Infantry. McGire, Martin J., Co. A., 1st District of Columbia. McGowax, William J., Co. F., 21th Infantry. McGowax, William J., Co. E., 18th Infantry. McGowax, William F., Co. A., 18th Massachusetta. Massachusetta. Massachusetta. Massachusetta. Martin, John, Co. G., 8th Ohio. Martin, John, Co. G., 8th Ohio. Martin, John, Co. E., 18thery K., 18th Artillery. Newhouse, Join, Co. L., 8th Ohio. Shorse, Hayden, Copporal, Co. H., 12th Infantry. Passors, Hayden, Copporal, Co. H., 12th Infantry. Passors, Elhiu C., Co. B., 1th Infantry. Potter, John A., Co. A., 8th Infantry. Passors, Elhiu C., Co. B., 1th Infantry. Potter, John A., Co. A., 8th Infantry. Riege, John A., Co. C., 8th Michigan, Robert, Thomas D., Corporal, Co. F., 7th Infantry. Smith, William H., Hospital Corpe, U. S. A.

antry.
SMITH, WILLIAM H., Hospital Corps, U. S. A.,
SQUIRES, WILLIAM CO. A. 12th Infantry,
STEWARD, WILLIAM CO. B. 22d Infantry,
TAYMAN, WILLIAM R., Co. G. 7th Infantry,
TILLORIOS, BRET, CO. B. 7th Infantry,
WOLF, HANS, Sergeant, Troop F, 5th Artillery, BROOKLYN HOSPITAL

BALLIN, ALPRED, Sergeant, Co. 1, 7th Infanitry.
BERTWILL, BERT, Battery E, 1et Artillery.
BLARKIN, FREDRIER C., Co. E, Engineer Corres.
CATLIN, CHARLES P., UNIMPETER, C. S., 185 III nois.
COOK, HENNY B., TROOP E. 1st Volunteer Cavaley.
FERGUSON, BUFERT H., trumpeter, Co. G., 1st Elli-

OS. ACTRICA, Battery E. 1st Artillery.

GRILMAN, GRORDE H., Co. G., 1st District of Columbia
GRILMAN, GRORDE H., Co. G., 1st District of Columbia
GRILMAN, GRORDE H., Co. I., 1st Illinois.
HONNE, JOHN R., Band, 7th Infantry.
KELLY, PATRICE, Co. E. 3d Infantry.
KELLY, PATRICE, Co. C. 9th Massachusotis.
KEY, G. W., Co. H., 1st Illinois.
KELLY, WILLIAM A., Co. F. 9th Infantry.
KILNY, LEWIS, Co. C., 8th Infantry.
LIPPERT, OTTO, COPPOTAL Co. A. 3d Infantry.
MCINTER, JOHN, Battery F., 2d Artillery.
MERRICE, EDWARD J., COPPOTAL Co. D., 9th Massachusetts. MURPHY, TIMOTHY J., Sergeant, Co. D., 21st Im-ARTHUBLADE, ADOLPH F., Troop E, 1st Vol. Cav-PRIERSON, PRIER, Co. C. 3d Infantry. REILLY, SAMUEL M., Corporal, Co. F. 9th Massa

huacts.
Showerman, Ernert, Co. E. 84th Michigan.
Showerman, Ernert, Troop C. 2d Cavalry.
Thorrow, Ray, Co. E. 1st Illinois.
Westerson, Carl, Co. I, 7th Infantry.
Wistrey, Honert C. Co. C. 3d Infantry.
Wood, Richard H. Co. G. 7th Infantry.
Whight, Charles M., Sergeant, Co. B, 9th Infantry.

DAD, WALTER, civil teamster Came After Kentucky's Sick.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Sept. 3 .- A hospital train of two coaches arrived at Old Point this evening from Frankfort. Ky. It will leave to-morrow afternoon for the Blue Grass State, taking back all the sick Kentuckians in the hospital at Old Point. The train is in charge of Col, Walter Forrester, Assistant Adjutant-General of Kentucky.

Help Asked for Y. M. C. A. Army and Navy

Work. The Young Men's Christian Association usks for contributions to enable it to continue its work in the army and navy. Not only will work continue to be done at the national camps for weeks, perhaps months, to come, but furtherweeks, perhaps months, to come, but turther-more there will be the armies of occupation in-Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawali, and the Philippines to be aided. Thus far the association has ex-pended nearly \$50,000. The single item of sta-tionery supplies for the camps costs nearly \$1,000 a week. Checks and orders should be made payable to Frederick B. Schenck, Presi-dent of the Mercantile National Bank, who is Treasurer of the committee, at 3 West Twen-ty-ninth street.



The door of health stands open to every woman who will enter. All that she needs is the key and a little knowledge. The knowledge that she needs is concerning her knowledge that she needs is concerning her own nature, her own physical make up and the principal cause of ill-health in women. When a woman suffers from headaches and pains in the back and sides, and burning and dragging sensations and the weakness, nervousness and despondency that are caused by diseases peculiar to her sex, she cannot enjoy good general health. The key to the door of health—the cure for all disorders of this description—is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a medicine specially devised for disorders of this usture and no other. It is the invention of

Favorite Prescription. It is a medicine specially devised for disorders of this usture and no other. It is the invention of an emiment and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce. for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, it Buffalo, N. V. When a woman writes to Dr. Pierce she consulting a physician who has practiced for thirty years right in one place, and who was some years ago honored by his own townspeopla by an election to the National Congress. He will answer letters from women free of charge. All professional correspondence is regarded as sacredly confidential.

"For years I kept failing in health and getting worse and more nervous all the time," writes Mrs. Annie Dulun, of East Stroudsburg, Monroe Co. Pa. "I doctored with two different dector-without relief. My system was run down and my nerves weak. I had ulcers of the uterus which were so painful at times that I was afraid they must be cancers. I felt discouraged and disnot get any better until my nurse advised, me to write to Dr. Pierce. In May I commenced tals, ing Dr. Pierce's Pavorite Prescription and 'Gold, en Medical Discovery'. I took twelve bottles in all, six of each. Thanks to God and Dr. Pierce's medicines. I am cared and am a well was not a second and am a well was not all, six of each. Thanks to God and Dr. Pierce's medicines. I am cared and am a well was not a second and the prescription and 'Gold, en Medical Discovery'. I took twelve bottles in all, six of each. Thanks to God and Dr. Pierce's medicines. I am cared and am a well was not a second and the prescription and 'Gold, en Medical Discovery'.